MADISON COUNTY: Key Data Points

- The county observed 16 infant deaths, 13 of which were neonatal deaths
- There are more number of unmarried parents in Madison county than the state overall, 43.1% versus 37.1%
- Compared to state percentages, a significantly higher percentage of mothers in Madison county are smoking during pregnancy (23.6 versus 18.5 respectively)
- Madison county observed 71 accidental deaths (26 of which were motor vehicle), 17 suicidal deaths and 3 homicides

Note: All figures relate to 2003 data from the Indiana State Department of Health, unless otherwise specified

Figure 1. Births

	Total		White		Black		Other	
	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*
Madison County	1,596	12.2	1,444	12.2	139	13.3	13	6.1(U)
INDIANA	86,382	13.9	75,422	13.7	9,288	17.5	1,672	10.6

^{*} births per 1,000 population; U = unstable rate, based on fewer than 20 births

Figure 2. Mortality

		NUN	MBER		RATE*			
			Infant	Neonatal	Post	Infant	Neonatal	Post
	DEDARTER		Deaths	Deaths	Neonatal	Deaths	Deaths	Neonatal
	REPORTED							
COUNTY OF RESIDENCE	RACE/ ETHNICITY	Live Births	(< 1 yr)	(< 28 days)	Deaths (28-364 days)	(< 1 yr)	(< 28 days)	Deaths (28-364 days)
MADISON	All Races	1,596	16	13		**	**	**
	White	1,444	14	11	3	**	**	**
	Black	139	2	2	0	**	**	0
	Other	13	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Hispanic	54	2	1	1	**	**	**
INDIANA	All Races	86,382	641	417	224	7.4	4.8	2.6
	White	75,422	479	309	170	6.4	4.1	2.3
	Black	9,288	148	98	50	15.9	10.6	5.4
	Other	1,672	14	10	4	**	**	**
	Hispanic	6,763	38	22	16	5.6	3.3	**

^{*}rate per 1,000 live births **Numerator is less than 20 and the rate is unstable

Figure 3. Outcome Indicators of Mother, by Race

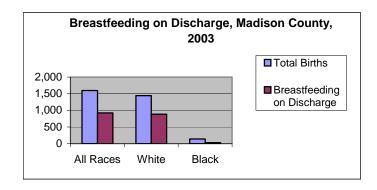
Birth Weight			/eight			During P		
MADISON	Total	% Low	(% Preterm		%		% Unmarried
COUNTY	1,596	(< 2500 grams) 7.9	grams) 1.3		Trimester [‡] 82.8		Smoked 23.6(S)	Parents 43.1(S)
All Races White	1,444		1.2				` ,	` '
Black	139	13.7	1.4				20.1	` ,

Birth Weig			/eight		_	During P		
	Total	% Low	% Very Low	% Preterm	% PNC 1st	%	%	% Unmarried
INDIANA	Births	(< 2500 grams)	(< 1500 grams)	t	Trimester ‡	Alcohol	Smoked	Parents
All Races	86,382	7.9	1.4	9.9	80.6	0.6	18.5	37.1
White	75,422	7.2	1.2	9.5	82.1	0.6	19.1	32.6
Black	9,288	13.3	3.3	13.3	68.2	1.1	15.2	76.3

[†] Preterm: less than 37 weeks gestation

Figure 4. Breastfeeding

MADISON COUNTY	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	1,596	1,444	139
Breastfeeding on Discharge	924	883	31
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	57.9	61.1	22.3



[‡] PNC: Prenatal Care

'S' Significantly different than the state percent

'**' Outcomes for this county are suppressed due to 20 or fewer total births

INDIANA	All Races	White	Black	
Total Births	86,382	75,422	9,288	
Breastfeeding on Discharge	54,636	49,385	3,959	
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	63.2	65.5	42.6	

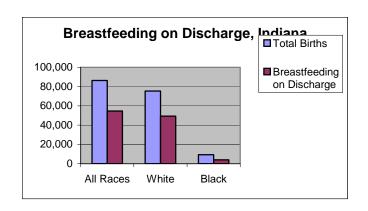


Figure 5. HIV/AIDS

	Total # of AIDS cases reported since 1982*	Total # of HIV cases reported since 1985*
MADISON	170	76
COUNTY		
INDIANA	7,641	3,856

^{*}numbers current through June 2005

Figure 6. Nutritional Risk Factors by Status,

Indiana WIC Clinics, Quarter Ending 09/30/2004

Local Agency: Madison County Health Department									
Counties Included: Madison									
	Childr	en 1-5 y	ears of Ag	e			%		
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency		
Overweight	40	5	10	0	1	56	5.0%		
At Risk for becoming Overweight	45	14	5	1	2	67	6.0%		

Local Agency: State Wide Counties Included: All

Counties included. All								
	Childr	en 1-5 y		%				
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency	
Overweight	1,732	445	800	12	97	3,086	4.8%	
At Risk for becoming Overweight	2,023	485	639	11	124	3,282	5.1%	

Priority Issues (Madiso	on & Indiana)	
Demographics: Percentage of population enrolled in Mo Percentage of population enrolled in Food Stamps	Viodicon	Indiana
2 % of Population enrolled in Medicaid as of June 20	03 14.2	12.4
3 % of Population in Food Stamps Program, 2004	10.1	8.6
Priority #1 (pregnancy outcomes): Average Infant Morta Average Fetal death Rate	lity Rate, Madison	Indiana
1 Av Total Infant Death Rate (1993-2002)	10.2	8.1
2 Average Fetal Death Rate (1994-2003)	8.6	6.7
Priority #2 (reduce barriers): Health Professional Shortage Percentage of women with prenatal care in first trim		Indiana
Scores for Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Area (2005)	s (HPSAs) 15	NA
2 % PNC 1st Trimester†, 2003	82.8	80.6
Priority #4 (environmental): Prevalence of asthma, Childle poisoning	nood lead Madison	Indiana
Prevalence of Asthma in a Medicaid Cohort of Children a years, 2003	ige 0-17 11.7	10.4
2 %Estimated Lead Blood Levels (%EBLL) for Children und old FY 2004-2005	er 6 years 1.2	2.1
Priority #5 (tobacco): Percentage of mothers who smoked pregnancy, Percentage of Adult Smoking	d during Madison	Indiana
1 % of mothers Smoked During Pregnancy, 2003	23.6	18.5
2 % of Adult Smoking in 2003	30.6	29.3
Priority #7 (adolescent risk behaviors): Adolescent death motor vehicle accidents, Chlamydia rates (ages 15-2		Indiana
Number of Adolescent (15-24) deaths due to Motor vehicle (2001-2003)	accidents 14	748
Chlamydia rates per 100,000 county specific population (19 Age)	5-24yrs of 1467.2	1541.49
Priority #8 (obesity): Obesity in pregnant women	Madison	Indiana
Number of Obese Pregnant Women In Indiana, 200	12	2,496
Priority #9 (domestic violence, childhood injury): Child do to Injury, Child abuse and neglect rates	eaths due Madison	Indiana
Child deaths due to Injury 1-14yrs (2001-2003)	8	257
2 Child Abuse and Neglect per 1,000 Population under age	18, 2004 12.2	13.5
Priority #10 (To improve racial and ethnic disparities in v childbearing age, mothers, and children's health outco Percentage of Hispanic Population of any Race, LBW Di Ratio	mes):	Indiana
1 % of Hispanic Population of any Race, July,1,200	1.9	4.3
2 Low Birth Weight Disparity Ratio (B/W) (1993-200	1.67	1.92

Source: Data Analysis Team, ISDH. **Notes:** 1. NS= Not Stable 2. NA = Not Available 3. Infant Mortality rate and Fetal Death rate is for 1000 live births. 4. Low Birth Weight: Birth Weight Less than 2,500grams. 5. HPSA Score ranges 1 – 25. The higher the score, the higher the need. 6. EBLL: Ten (10) micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood for one venous test; %EBLL is based on screening rate of 27% Statewide, unduplicated kids 7. Obesity in Pregnant Women determined by "Concurrent Illness Obesity" checkbox on the birth certificate 8. PNC percentages are calculated using total births in each county.

Note: The following priorities have been identified for Madison County:

- **Priority # 1:** To decrease high-risk pregnancies, fetal death, low birth weight, infant mortality racial and ethnic disparities in pregnancy outcomes.
- **Priority # 2:** To reduce barriers to access to health care, mental health care and dental care for pregnant women, infants, children, children with special health care needs, adolescents, women and families.
- **Priority # 7:** To reduce risk behaviors in adolescents including unintentional injuries and violence, tobacco use, alcohol and other drug use, risky sexual behavior including teen pregnancy, unhealthy dietary behaviors and physical inactivity.
- **Priority # 9:** To reduce the rates of domestic violence to women and children, child abuse and childhood injury in Indiana.
- **Priority # 10:** To improve racial and ethnic disparities in women of childbearing age, mothers, and children's health outcomes.